

Sustainable Science Outreach - Shuda Supplemental Tables

Supplementary Table 1a. Elementary School Knowledge, 2010-17 (n=8397 for all questions)

		OE average	MT average	OE/MT difference	Adjusted p-value
	K1 PRE average	72.4%	78.3%	5.9%	< 0.001
K1 Where do you get your DNA from? (Answer: Parents)	K1 POST average	87.1%	91.7%	4.7%	< 0.001
(Answer: Farents)	K1 difference.	14.6%	13.4%	-1.2%	1.979
K2.0 How many chambers does a FISH heart	K2.0 PRE average	39.8%	39.6%	-0.2%	7.180
have?	K2.0 POST average	79.7%	72.4%	-7.4%	< 0.001
(Answer: Two) [2010-2013]	K2.0 difference.	39.9%	32.8%	-7.1%	0.007
K2.1 How many chambers does a HUMAN	K2.1 PRE average	19.3%	30.8%	11.5%	< 0.001
heart have?	K2.1 POST average	82.3%	81.8%	-0.6%	5.510
(Answer: Four) [2013-2017]	K2.1 difference.	63.1%	51.0%	-12.1%	< 0.001
	K3 PRE average	40.1%	44.9%	4.9%	< 0.001
K3 What body part is NOT found in a fish? (Answer: Lungs)	K3 POST average	73.0%	71.5%	-1.5%	1.569
(Miswell Lungs)	K3 difference.	32.9%	26.6%	-6.3%	< 0.001
	K4 PRE average	20.2%	25.7%	5.4%	< 0.001
K4 The zebrafish embryo is protected by the: (Answer: Chorion)	K4 POST average	64.8%	72.4%	7.6%	< 0.001
	K4 difference.	44.6%	46.7%	2.2%	1.151
K5.1 Which of these characteristics does a temperate environment have, making it unsuitable	K5.1 PRE average	38.3%	37.6%	-0.7%	6.481
for zebrafish to live? (Answer: The weather is warm in the summer and cold in the winter) [2010-11]	K5.1 POST average	33.1%	40.8%	7.6%	0.089
	K5.1 difference.	-5.2%	3.1%	8.3%	0.375
K5.2 Which of these statements about temperate environments is true? (Answer: A temperate environment is warm in	K5.2 PRE average	73.9%	82.9%	9.0%	< 0.001
	K5.2 POST average	63.8%	75.1%	11.3%	< 0.001
the summer and cold in the winter) [2011-14]	K5.2 difference.	-10.1%	-7.8%	2.3%	1.907

^{*}Notes: Shading indicates significance. All questions have the same n, as blank responses were counted as incorrect answers in the analysis.



Supplementary Table 1b. *Elementary School Knowledge, 2010-17 (n=8397 for all questions)*

		OE average	MT average	OE/MT difference	Adjusted p-value
K5.3 Which of these statements about tropical	K5.3 PRE average	35.5%	39.4%	4.0%	0.496
environments is true? (Answer: A tropical environment is hot all year)	K5.3 POST average	57.5%	64.3%	6.7%	0.012
[2014-2017]	K5.3 difference.	22.1%	24.9%	2.8%	1.775
K6.0 If you are writing a hypothesis, you are: (K6.0 PRE average	60.3%	65.2%	4.9%	0.780
Answer: Making a statement that predicts an	K6.0 POST average	66.3%	66.5%	0.1%	7.705
answer to your question) [2010-11]	K6.0 difference.	6.0%	1.3%	-4.7%	0.963
K6.1 If you are writing a hypothesis, you are:	K6.1 PRE average	56.1%	65.5%	9.5%	< 0.001
(Answer: Writing a guess for the question you are trying to figure out) [2011-2017]	K6.1 POST average	64.1%	69.5%	5.4%	< 0.001
	K6.1 difference.	8.1%	4.0%	-4.1%	0.021
K7 Zebrafish can be used to research human	K7 PRE average	52.2%	52.6%	0.4%	5.929
diseases and medicines.	K7 POST average	68.9%	76.8%	7.9%	< 0.001
(Answer: True)	K7 difference.	16.7%	24.2%	7.5%	< 0.001
K8.0 Zebrafish and human DNA have many of the	K8.0 PRE average	40.1%	42.8%	2.7%	0.588
same genes.	K8.0 POST average	71.3%	65.1%	-6.1%	< 0.001
(Answer: True) [2010-14]	K8.0 difference.	31.2%	22.3%	-8.8%	< 0.001
We 17 I a Calculate and a calc	K8.1 PRE average	34.8%	40.5%	5.8%	0.055
K8.1 Zebrafish and humans are genetically similar. (Answer: True) [2014-2017]	K8.1 POST average	81.9%	79.0%	-2.9%	0.779
	K8.1 difference.	47.1%	38.5%	-8.7%	0.005
	Total PRE average	45.7%	50.7%	5.0%	< 0.001
	Total POST average	70.9%	74.3%	3.4%	< 0.001
	Total average difference.	25.2%	23.6%	-1.6%	0.002

^{*}Shading indicates significance. All questions have the same n, as blank responses were counted as incorrect answers in the analysis.



Supplementary Table 2a. Middle School Knowledge, 2010-17 (n=10641 for all questions)

		OE average correct	MT average correct	OE/MT difference	Adjusted p-value
K1.1 Where do you get your genetic information	K1.1 PRE average	63.6%	86.8%	23.2%	< 0.001
from?	K1.1 POST average	73.4%	89.2%	15.8%	< 0.001
(Answer: Parents) [2010-11]	K1.1 difference	9.8%	2.4%	-7.4%	0.082
1/4 A N/4	K1.2 PRE average	93.8%	95.0%	1.2%	0.579
K1.2 Where do you get your genes from? (Answer: Parents) [2011-14]	K1.2 POST average	94.7%	96.3%	1.6%	0.054
(Amswer, 1 arches) [2011-17]	K1.2 difference	0.9%	1.3%	0.4%	5.006
K1.3 A section of DNA that affects one specific trait is called a: (Answer: Gene) [2014-2017]	K1.3 PRE average	81.8%	81.1%	-0.7%	5.384
	K1.3 POST average	85.4%	85.0%	-0.4%	6.680
	K1.3 difference	3.6%	3.9%	0.3%	7.578
K2.1 When you state a possible explanation for a specific question during Scientific Inquiry it is called: (Answer: Hypothesis) [2010-11]	K2.1 PRE average	66.8%	76.8%	10.0%	0.010
	K2.1 POST average	69.8%	84.8%	15.0%	< 0.001
	K2.1 difference	3.1%	8.0%	4.9%	1.126
K2.2 When you state a guess that might answer	K2.2 PRE average	82.7%	84.8%	2.1%	0.400
a specific question during Scientific Inquiry it is	K2.2 POST average	86.7%	89.6%	2.8%	0.017
called the: (Answer: Hypothesis) [2011-14]	K2.2 difference	4.0%	4.8%	0.7%	4.746
K2.3 Which of the following is NOT a reason ze-	K2.3 PRE average	31.5%	32.7%	1.2%	4.625
brafish are used in research? (Answer: Zebrafish	K2.3 POST average	57.2%	58.0%	0.8%	6.125
only have a few offspring) [2014-2016]	K2.3 difference	25.7%	25.3%	-0.4%	7.877
K2.4 All of the following is a reason zebrafish are	K2.4 PRE average	25.4%	22.5%	-2.9%	3.554
used in research EXCEPT: (Answer: Zebrafish	K2.4 POST average	44.1%	53.7%	9.6%	0.153
only have a few offspring) [2016-2017]	K2.4 difference	18.7%	31.2%	12.5%	0.138
K3 An organism that inherits two copies of the	K3 PRE average	42.8%	39.1%	-3.7%	0.002
same allele is considered: (Answer: Homozygous)	K3 POST average	63.6%	63.1%	-0.6%	5.122
	K3 difference	20.8%	24.0%	3.2%	0.083
K4.0 In genetics, the physical characteristics of	K4.0 PRE average	23.9%	26.0%	2.1%	4.474
your genes are called the:	K4.0 POST average	38.3%	56.0%	17.7%	< 0.001
(Answer: Phenotype) [2010-11]	K4.0 difference	14.4%	30.0%	15.6%	0.002

^{*}Shading indicates significance. All questions have the same n, as blank responses were counted as incorrect answers in the analysis



Supplementary Table 2b. *Middle School Knowledge, 2010-17 (n=10641 for all questions)*

		OE average correct	MT average correct	OE/MT difference	Adjusted p-value
K4.1 In genetics, the outward, physical character-	K4.1 PRE average	33.9%	32.4%	-1.6%	1.126
istics of your genes are called the:	K4.1 POST average	54.9%	56.9%	2.1%	0.488
(Answer: Phenotype) [2011-2017]	K4.1 difference	20.9%	24.6%	3.6%	0.033
K5 To determine the probability of inheriting	K5 PRE average	44.6%	41.6%	-3.0%	0.029
traits, you should create a:	K5 POST average	77.9%	81.5%	3.6%	< 0.001
(Answer: Punnett square)	K5 difference	33.4%	39.9%	6.6%	< 0.001
K6.1 If rolling your tongue is a dominant trait,	K6.1 PRE average	41.8%	47.6%	5.8%	0.916
which answer would show a 3:1 ratio of parents	K6.1 POST average	51.4%	62.8%	11.4%	0.009
passing on the trait? (Answer: Aa x Aa) [2010-11]	K6.1 difference	9.6%	15.2%	5.6%	1.657
K6.2 Which answer shows the inheritance of a	K6.2 PRE average	42.8%	41.8%	-0.9%	3.776
recessive trait with two heterozygous parents? (Answer: Aa x Aa) [2011-13, 2014-2017]	K6.2 POST average	54.3%	52.4%	-1.9%	0.849
	K6.2 difference	11.6%	10.6%	-1.0%	4.453
K6.3 Which answer shows a 25% chance of the	K6.3 PRE average	46.9%	55.0%	8.1%	0.068
inheritance of a recessive trait from two heterozy-	K6.3 POST average	70.0%	75.7%	5.7%	0.291
gous parents? (Answer: Aa x Aa) [2013-14]	K6.3 difference	23.1%	20.7%	-2.4%	4.616
	K7 PRE average	60.8%	58.8%	-2.1%	0.417
K7 Stem cells have to potential to become many different kinds of cells. (Answer: True) [2010-16]	K7 POST average	82.4%	81.0%	-1.5%	0.705
	K7 difference	21.6%	22.2%	0.6%	5.462
	K8 PRE average	67.0%	70.3%	3.3%	0.005
K8 Genetic mutations are almost always harmful. (Answer: False)	K8 POST average	77.3%	76.3%	-1.0%	2.296
(Miswer: 1 dise)	K8 difference	10.3%	6.0%	-4.3%	0.001
K9 Model organisms can help scientists learn	K9 PRE average	84.2%	85.9%	1.7%	0.146
about human genes, diseases, and cures.	K9 POST average	90.0%	90.7%	0.7%	2.227
(Answer: True)	K9 difference	5.8%	4.8%	-1.1%	1.986
	Total PRE average	57.2%	58.9%	1.7%	< 0.001
	Total POST average	72.8%	75.2%	2.4%	< 0.001
	Total average difference	15.7%	16.4%	0.7%	0.067

^{*}Shading indicates significance. All questions have the same n, as blank responses were counted as incorrect answers in the analysis



Supplementary Table 3a. High School Knowledge 2010-17 (n=7487 for all questions)

		OE average	MT average	OE/MT difference	Adjusted p-value
KATE CALL O	K1 PRE average	55.1%	62.2%	7.1%	< 0.001
K1 Typically, how are fish born? (Answer: From an externally fertilized egg)	K1 POST average	79.5%	84.9%	5.4%	< 0.001
(Answer. From an externally fertilized egg)	K1 difference	24.4%	22.7%	-1.7%	1.766
	K2.0 PRE average	50.8%	60.4%	9.6%	1.549
K2.0 For a recessive gene to be expressed: (Answer: 2 gene copies are necessary) [2010-11]	K2.0 POST average	54.5%	79.3%	24.8%	< 0.001
(Answer. 2 gene copies are necessary) [2010-11]	K2.0 difference	3.7%	18.9%	15.2%	0.409
K2.1 For a recessive gene to be expressed, an	K2.1 PRE average	58.8%	74.5%	15.8%	< 0.001
organism needs: (Answer: 2 copies of the recessive gene) [2011-2016]	K2.1 POST average	66.9%	82.4%	15.4%	< 0.001
	K2.1 difference	8.2%	7.9%	-0.3%	7.254
K2.2 For a recessive trait to be expressed, an	K2.2 PRE average	59.6%	62.2%	2.6%	3.872
organism needs: (Answer: 2 copies of the recessive	K2.2 POST average	69.5%	75.3%	5.8%	0.531
allele) [2016-2017]	K2.2 difference	9.9%	13.0%	3.1%	3.502
K3.0 Which is NOT a characteristic of a model	K3.0 PRE average	37.6%	58.5%	20.9%	0.037
organism? (Answer: They live for many years)	K3.0 POST average	55.0%	86.8%	31.8%	< 0.001
[2010-11]	K3.0 difference	17.5%	28.3%	10.8%	1.662
K3.1 Which is NOT a characteristic of an ideal	K3.1 PRE average	32.0%	39.5%	7.5%	< 0.001
model organism? (Answer: They live for many	K3.1 POST average	53.0%	66.3%	13.3%	< 0.001
years) [2011-2017]	K3.1 difference	21.0%	26.8%	5.8%	0.001
K4.0 The part of Scientific Inquiry where you	K4.0 PRE average	62.9%	77.4%	14.5%	< 0.001
state a possible explanation for a specific question is the: (Answer: Hypothesis) [2010-14]	K4.0 POST average	65.9%	80.2%	14.3%	< 0.001
	K4.0 difference	3.0%	2.8%	-0.2%	8.188
K4.1 In a test cross, an individual showing a domi-	K4.1 PRE average	28.9%	34.4%	5.4%	0.026
nant trait is bred with: (Answer: A homozygous	K4.1 POST average	36.6%	48.4%	11.8%	< 0.001
recessive individual) [2014-2016]	K4.1 difference	7.6%	14.0%	6.3%	0.068

^{*}Shading indicates significance. All questions have the same n, as blank responses were counted as incorrect answers in the analysis



Supplementary Table 3b. *High School Knowledge 2010-17 (n=7487 for all questions)*

		OE average	MT average	OE/MT difference	Adjusted p-value
K4.2 Two alleles for the same gene have different	K4.2 PRE average	33.2%	39.6%	6.4%	0.472
DNA sequences. This difference is called:	K4.2 POST average	43.9%	47.1%	3.2%	3.213
(Answer: A mutation) [2016-2017]	K4.2 difference	10.7%	7.5%	-3.3%	3.805
Y/700	K5.0 PRE average	61.8%	94.3%	32.5%	< 0.001
K5.0 Somites give rise to: (Answer: All of these [skin, bone, muscle]) [2010-11]	K5.0 POST average	64.8%	88.7%	23.8%	< 0.001
[skiii, bolie, muscle]) [2010-11]	K5.0 difference	3.0%	-5.7%	-8.7%	0.963
K5.1 Somites give rise to: (Answer: Skin, muscle, and bone) [2011-2017]	K5.1 PRE average	39.1%	35.6%	-3.5%	0.040
	K5.1 POST average	55.3%	55.1%	-0.2%	7.973
	K5.1 difference	16.2%	19.5%	3.3%	0.293
K6 Who is known as "The Father of Genetics" and what was his model organism? (Answer: Gregor Mendel and pea plants)	K6 PRE average	62.1%	65.5%	3.4%	0.031
	K6 POST average	76.4%	73.3%	-3.1%	0.035
	K6 difference	14.3%	7.7%	-6.5%	< 0.001
K7 Unspecialized cells that can multiply repeated-	K7 PRE average	42.4%	58.0%	15.0%	<0.001
ly and potentially develop into many types of cells, such as heart, skin, liver etc., are called:	K7 POST average	68.0%	77.8%	9.9%	< 0.001
(Answer: Stem cells)	K7 difference	25.6%	19.8%	-5.7%	< 0.001
K8.0 Which of these Punnett Squares shows the	K8.0 PRE average	57.7%	67.9%	10.2%	1.185
possibility of inheriting a recessive trait from two heterozygous parents?	K8.0 POST average	65.5%	77.4%	11.8%	0.479
(Answer: Aa x Aa) (2010-2011)	K8.0 difference	7.8%	9.4%	1.6%	7.027
K8.1 Which Punnett square shows a 3:1 ratio of offspring inheriting a dominant trait? (Answer: Aa x Aa) (2011-2017)	K8.1 PRE average	65.7%	74.5%	8.8%	<0.001
	K8.1 POST average	72.2%	83.6%	11.4%	< 0.001
	K8.1 difference	6.5%	9.2%	2.7%	0.344
	Total PRE average	50.6%	58.0%	7.4%	< 0.001
	Total POST average	65.3%	73.2%	8.0%	< 0.001
	Total average difference	14.7%	15.3%	0.5%	0.265

^{*}Shading indicates significance. All questions have the same n, as blank responses were counted as incorrect answers in the analysis



Supplementary Table 4. *Elementary School Attitudes 2011-17 (total n=6682)*

		OE average	MT average	Difference	Adjusted p-value
	A1 PRE average	4.23	4.25	0.03	3.042
A1 Science is interesting. (n=6569)	A1 POST average	4.31	4.30	-0.01	6.676
	A1 Difference	0.09	0.05	-0.04	0.892
	A2 PRE average	4.30	4.37	0.07	0.011
A2 Science is necessary to help us understand the world around us. (n=6504)	A2 POST average	4.30	4.37	0.08	0.010
	A2 Difference	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.562
	A3.1 PRE average	2.21	2.09	-0.11	0.021
A3.1 Men are better at science than women. (n=6219)	A3.1 POST average	2.20	2.11	-0.09	0.114
(11-0219)	A3.1 Difference	0.00	0.01	0.01	9.306
A4.2 I know what it's like to be a scientist. (n=6198)	A4.1 PRE average	2.91	2.91	0.00	10.177
	A4.1 POST average	3.37	3.31	-0.06	0.977
	A4.1 Difference	0.47	0.40	-0.06	0.985
	A5 PRE average	4.09	4.09	0.01	7.970
A5 Everyone should know a little bit about science. (n=6489)	A5 POST average	4.12	4.15	0.04	1.551
	A5 Difference	0.03	0.06	0.03	3.553
A6 Scientific discoveries have an impact on our	A6 PRE average	3.91	3.99	0.08	0.042
	A6 POST average	4.03	4.17	0.15	< 0.001
health. (n=6464)	A6 Difference	0.12	0.17	0.05	0.942
	A7 PRE average	3.82	3.72	-0.10	0.037
A7 I would be interested in learning about different types of careers in science. (n=6454)	A7 POST average	3.79	3.65	-0.14	< 0.001
unferent types of careers in science. (n=0434)	A7 Difference	-0.03	-0.07	-0.05	1.800
	A8 PRE average	3.72	3.85	0.13	< 0.001
A8 Ordinary people can be scientists. (n=6484)	A8 POST average	3.82	3.92	0.10	0.021
	A8 Difference	0.10	0.07	-0.03	4.240
	A9 PRE average	3.51	3.51	0.00	10.441
A9 Science is becoming more popular than it used to be. (n=6450)	A9 POST average	3.64	3.63	-0.01	9.162
used to be. (n=0450)	A9 Difference	0.13	0.12	-0.01	9.130
	A10 PRE average	4.35	4.44	0.09	0.001
A10 Scientific research is important. (n=6464)	A10 POST average	4.33	4.41	0.08	0.006
()	A10 Difference	-0.02	-0.02	-0.01	9.145
	A11 PRE average	3.28	3.13	-0.15	< 0.001
A11 I can imagine myself as a scientist.	A11 POST average	3.36	3.16	-0.20	< 0.001
(n=6504)	A11 Difference	0.08	0.03	-0.05	1.396
	Total PRE average	3.67	3.68	0.01	0.259
	Total POST average	3.76	3.75	0.00	0.642
	Total average diff.	0.09	0.07	-0.02	0.098

^{*}Shading indicates significance. The signs for statement 3.1 were reversed in the aggregate averages.



Supplementary Table 5. *Middle School Attitudes 2011-17 (total n=9421)*

		OE average	MT average	Difference	Adjusted p-value
	A1 PRE average	4.04	4.08	0.04	0.458
A1 Science is interesting. (n=9263)	A1 POST average	4.08	4.09	0.01	5.902
	A1 Difference	0.03	0.00	-0.03	1.215
	A2 PRE average	4.20	4.21	0.02	4.408
A2 Science is necessary to help us understand the world around us. (n=9185)	A2 POST average	4.16	4.18	0.02	3.929
world around us. (11–9165)	A2 Difference	-0.03	-0.03	0.00	9.107
	A3.1 PRE average	2.04	2.08	0.04	1.604
A3.1 Men are better at science than women. (n=9142)	A3.1 POST average	2.02	2.02	0.00	9.715
(II-71 - 2)	A3.1 Difference	-0.02	-0.06	-0.04	0.452
A4.2 I know what it's like to be a scientist. (n=9167)	A4.1 PRE average	2.73	2.73	0.01	8.470
	A4.1 POST average	3.01	2.99	-0.02	4.247
	A4.1 Difference	0.29	0.25	-0.03	1.982
A5 Everyone should know a little bit about science. (n=9189)	A5 PRE average	4.13	4.12	-0.01	5.291
	A5 POST average	4.10	4.09	-0.01	8.094
	A5 Difference	-0.03	-0.03	0.01	8.223
	A6 PRE average	4.13	4.12	-0.02	4.329
A6 Scientific discoveries have an impact on our health. (n=9154)	A6 POST average	4.17	4.18	0.02	4.611
neath. (n–9134)	A6 Difference	0.04	0.07	0.03	1.418
	A7 PRE average	3.45	3.39	-0.06	0.168
A7 I would be interested in learning about different types of careers in science. (n=9151)	A7 POST average	3.36	3.30	-0.07	0.119
unferent types of careers in science. (n-9131)	A7 Difference	-0.09	-0.09	0.00	10.368
	A8 PRE average	3.74	3.75	0.01	8.503
A8 Ordinary people can be scientists. (n=9165)	A8 POST average	3.77	3.74	-0.03	2.627
	A8 Difference	0.03	-0.01	-0.03	1.597
	A9 PRE average	3.49	3.49	-0.01	8.744
A9 Science is becoming more popular than it	A9 POST average	3.57	3.55	-0.02	2.766
used to be. (n=9126)	A9 Difference	0.08	0.06	-0.02	3.586
	A10 PRE average	4.28	4.29	0.00	8.748
A10 Scientific research is important. (n=9110)	A10 POST average	4.27	4.27	0.00	9.540
-	A10 Difference	-0.01	-0.02	-0.01	8.443
	A11 PRE average	2.80	2.73	-0.07	0.241
A11 I can imagine myself as a scientist. (n=9160)	A11 POST average	2.86	2.79	-0.07	0.140
	A11 Difference	0.06	0.05	-0.01	7.465
	Total PRE average	3.55	3.54	-0.01	0.311
	Total POST average	3.58	3.57	-0.01	0.128
	Total average diff.	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.128

^{*}Shading indicates significance. The signs for statement 3.1 were reversed in the aggregate averages.



Supplementary Table 6. *High School Attitudes 2011-17 (total n=6433)*

		OE average	MT average	Difference	Adjusted p-value
	A1 PRE average	4.03	4.30	0.27	< 0.001
A1 Science is interesting. (n=6237)	A1 POST average	4.08	4.21	0.14	< 0.001
	A1 Difference	0.04	-0.08	-0.12	5.753
A2 Science is necessary to help us understand the world around us. (n=6197)	A2 PRE average	4.35	4.49	0.14	< 0.001
	A2 POST average	4.32	4.46	0.13	< 0.001
	A2 Difference	-0.03	-0.05	-0.02	9.663
	A3.1 PRE average	1.95	1.68	-0.27	< 0.001
A3.1 Men are better at science than women. (n=6159)	A3.1 POST average	1.97	1.78	-0.19	< 0.001
(iii V10)	A3.1 Difference	0.02	0.08	0.06	6.561
A4.2 I know what it's like to be a scientist.	A4.1 PRE average	2.65	2.79	0.14	0.134
A4.21 know what it's like to be a scientist. (n=6170)	A4.1 POST average	3.06	3.19	0.13	0.018
(1 01/0)	A4.1 Difference	0.41	0.41	0.00	7.970
A5 Everyone should know a little bit about science. (n=6196)	A5 PRE average	4.19	4.36	0.17	< 0.001
	A5 POST average	4.16	4.30	0.13	< 0.001
	A5 Difference	-0.03	-0.07	-0.04	4.769
A6 Scientific discoveries have an impact on our	A6 PRE average	4.33	4.46	0.12	< 0.001
	A6 POST average	4.33	4.38	0.06	< 0.001
health. (n=6164)	A6 Difference	0.00	-0.06	-0.06	10.109
	A7 PRE average	3.55	3.85	0.30	0.004
A7 I would be interested in learning about differ-	A7 POST average	3.51	3.59	0.09	0.325
ent types of careers in science. (n=6172)	A7 Difference	-0.05	-0.27	-0.23	0.393
	A8 PRE average	3.80	3.93	0.13	0.199
A8 Ordinary people can be scientists. (n=6176)	A8 POST average	3.78	3.89	0.11	0.072
	A8 Difference	-0.02	-0.02	0.00	6.622
	A9 PRE average	3.57	3.81	0.23	0.123
A9 Science is becoming more popular than it used	A9 POST average	3.68	3.85	0.17	9.658
to be. (n=6142)	A9 Difference	0.11	0.04	-0.07	0.189
	A10 PRE average	4.34	4.54	0.20	< 0.001
A10 Scientific research is important. (n=6152)	A10 POST average	4.33	4.50	0.17	< 0.001
ATO Scientific research is important. (ii 0132)	A10 Difference	-0.01	-0.04	-0.02	10.491
A11 I can imagine myself as a scientist. (n=6155)	A11 PRE average	2.90	3.22	0.31	<0.001
	A11 POST average	2.99	3.16	0.18	< 0.001
	A11 Difference	0.07	-0.06	-0.14	0.301
	Total PRE average	3.58	3.68	0.10	<0.001
	Total POST average	3.63	3.71	0.10	<0.001
	· ·				
	Total average diff.	0.04	0.03	-0.02	0.019

^{*}Shading indicates significance. The signs for statement 3.1 were reversed in the aggregate averages.